Allan Gray-Orbis Global Fund of Funds



Fund managers: (The underlying Orbis funds are managed by Orbis)

Inception date: 3 February 2004 Class:

Fund description

The Fund invests in a mix of equity and absolute return funds managed by Allan Gray's offshore investment partner, Orbis Investment Management Limited. The typical net equity exposure of the Fund is between 40% and 75%. The Orbis Optimal SA funds included in the Fund use exchangetraded derivative contracts on stock market indices to reduce net equity exposure. In these funds, the market exposure of equity portfolios is effectively replaced with cash-like exposure, plus or minus Orbis' skills in delivering returns above or below the market. Returns are likely to be less volatile than those of an international equity-only fund. Although the Fund is fully invested outside South Africa, the units in the Fund are priced and traded daily in rands.

ASISA unit trust category:

Global - Multi Asset - High Equity

Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund aims to create long-term wealth for investors without exceeding a maximum net equity exposure limit of 75%. It aims to outperform the average return of funds subject to similar constraints without taking on more than their average risk. The Fund's benchmark is a portfolio made up 60% by the FTSE World Index, including income, and 40% the JP Morgan Global Government Bond index.

How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

The Fund invests in equity and absolute return funds managed by our offshore investment partner, Orbis Investment Management Limited. Within all of the underlying funds, Orbis uses in-house research to identify companies around the world whose shares can be purchased for less than Orbis' assessment of their long-term intrinsic value. This long-term perspective enables them to buy shares which are shunned by the stock market because of their unexciting or poor short-term prospects, but which are relatively attractively priced if one looks to the long term. This is the same approach as that used by Allan Gray to invest in South African equities, except that Orbis is able to choose from many more shares, listed internationally.

Depending on our assessment of the potential returns on global stock markets relative to their risk of capital loss, we actively manage the Fund's net exposure to equities by varying its exposure to the underlying Orbis funds. By varying the Fund's overall exposure to equities and also its geographic exposure, through selecting between the Orbis regional equity funds, we seek to enhance the Fund's long-term returns and to manage its risk. The Fund's currency exposure is actively managed both within the underlying Orbis funds and through our selection of Orbis funds.

Suitable for those investors who

- Seek long-term capital growth from a diversified international equity portfolio without being fully exposed to stock market risk
- · Wish to invest in international assets without having to personally expatriate rands
- Are comfortable with taking on some risk of market and currency fluctuation and potential capital loss, but typically less than that of an
- Typically have an investment horizon of more than five years
- Wish to use the Fund as a foreign medium equity 'building block' in a diversified multi-asset class portfolio

Annual management fee and total expense ratio (TER)

Allan Gray does not charge an annual management fee but is paid a marketing and distribution fee by Orbis.

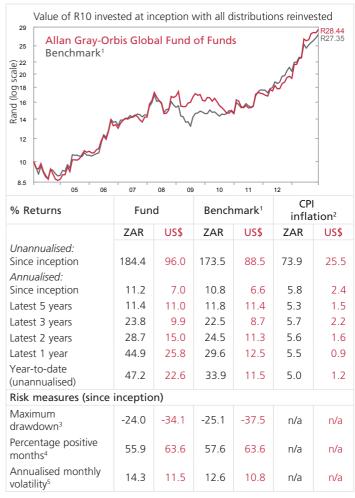
Orbis charges annual management fees within the underlying Orbis funds. Each fund's fee rate is calculated based on the fund's performance relative to its own benchmark. For more information please refer to the respective Orbis Funds' factsheets, which can be found at www.allangray.co.za.

The annual management fees charged by Orbis are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a 12 month period.

Fund information on 30 November 2013

R10 558m Fund size: R24.09 Fund price:

Performance net of all fees and expenses



- 1. 60% of the FTSE World Index including income and 40% of the JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index (source: Bloomberg), performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 October 2013
- 2. This is based on the latest numbers published by I-Net Bridge as at 30 September 2013.
- Maximum percentage decline over any period. The maximum rand drawdown occurred from 23 October 2008 to 14 October 2010 and maximum benchmark drawdown occurred from 23 October 2008 to 30 June 2009. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund/benchmark (i.e. including income)
- 4. The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.
- 5. The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This is a measure of how much an investment's return varies from its average over time

Minimum investment amounts

R20 000 Minimum lump sum per investor account: Additional lump sum: R500 Minimum debit order*: R500

*Only available to South African residents.

Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 2 for further information)

TER breakdown for the year ending 30 September 2013	%
Fee for benchmark performance	1.21
Performance fees	1.09
Other costs including trading costs	0.24
VAT	0.00
Total expense ratio	2.54

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Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 30 September 2013

At Orbis and Allan Gray, our core skill is bottom-up stock picking and it is this bottom up process which drives our asset allocation positioning. We look to provide clients with continuous access to the skill-based component of returns and balance the exposure to the stock market by allocating between Orbis Optimal SA, which is largely market-neutral, and the Orbis long-only equity funds.

There are other 'low beta' alternatives to Optimal SA which can be utilised to lower risk in the portfolio. Bonds are the traditional and most liquid alternative to stock market exposure. In this regard, although yields have risen from the lows seen in 2012, in our view global government bonds remain far from being the type of cheap and unloved asset from which one would expect to generate satisfactory real returns over the long term.

At the end of September, the Fund's investments in this mix of Orbis funds results in an exposure of approximately 50% to net equities, which is at the low end of its historical range. The global equity universe is naturally deeper and more diverse than in South Africa, and Orbis is able to find a number of attractive opportunities to invest clients' capital as described below. However, this does not mean that foreign equities are currently without risk.

The FTSE World Index has returned just under 16% since the start of 2013 and is near an all-time high. The Orbis Global Equity Fund, currently 37% of the portfolio, has had an even better year, delivering more than double the benchmark's return. As encouraging as this may be, it is natural for clients to wonder what it means for Orbis' ability to continue finding attractive stocks after such a strong period of absolute and relative returns.

One technique that Orbis uses to advance its reasoning and assess the broader opportunity set is a proprietary quantitative measure termed 'rerated total rate of return' or 'RTRR'. If the future ends up being similar to the past, this number can be thought of as the future annualised return that Orbis analysts can expect from a given stock. The higher the RTRR percentage, the better.

Likewise, the difference between the RTRR of a particular portfolio and the stock market benchmark can be a crude way to gauge the opportunities for stock picking that are available to Orbis. Notably, the median RTRR of stocks in the benchmark has hovered near just 5% in recent months, while the median RTRR of the stocks in Orbis Global is currently about 18%. It is a noisy estimate, but it implies that there is still scope for Orbis' global stock selections to deliver satisfying returns, provided of course that Orbis' fundamental assessment of the stocks and the broader opportunity set proves to be correct.

The key message from this data is that one can probably expect lower absolute returns from the FTSE World Index relative to the past few years, but that Orbis is still finding compelling opportunities to add value through stock picking skill. This is reflected in the underlying positioning of the Fund at the end of the quarter.

Top 10 share holdings on 30 November 2013

Company	% of portfolio		
NetEase	3.8		
American Intl. Group	3.0		
INPEX	2.6		
Weatherford International	2.2		
Motorola Solutions	2.2		
NKSJ Holdings	2.1		
Samsung Electronics	2.1		
Apache	2.0		
Barclays	1.9		
Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	1.7		
Total	23.6		

Fund allocation on 30 November 2013

Fund	%	
Orbis Global Equity	38.3	
Orbis SICAV Asia Ex-Japan Equity	2.8	
Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (yen)	2.1	
Foreign equity funds	43.2	
Orbis SICAV Global Balanced SA ⁶	4.5	
Foreign multi asset funds	4.5	
Orbis Optimal SA (US\$)	43.0	
Orbis Optimal SA (euro)	9.3	
Foreign absolute returns funds	52.3	
Total	100.0	

^{6.} This Fund is not approved for marketing in South Africa and is not available to invest in directly. Reference to this Fund is for disclosure purposes only

Asset allocation on 30 November 2013

	Total	North America	Europe	Japan	Asia ex-Japan	Other
Net equities	49	20	9	6	13	2
Hedged equities	45	15	11	10	7	1
Cash/currency hedge	6	19	0	-13	0	-1
Total (%)	100	54	20	4	20	2

Income distributions for the last 12 months

To the extent that income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds expenses in the Fund, the Fund will distribute any surplus annually.	31 Dec 2012
Cents per unit	0.0511

Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

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The availability of the Fund is subject to offshore capacity constraints. Please contact our Client Service Centre for further information about any constraints that may apply.

Disclaimer

A fund of funds unit trust may only invest in other unit trusts, which levy their own charges, that could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. All rights in the FTSE World Index vest in FTSE International Limited ("FTSE"). FTSE is a trademark of the London Stock Exchange Group of Companies. The FTSE World Index is calculated by FTSE in accordance with standard criteria and is the proprietary information of FTSE. All copyright subsisting in the FTSE World Index values and constituent lists vest in FTSE. All its rights are reserved. Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited ("the Company") is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA). Allan Gray Proprietary Limited, an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the Company. The Company is incorporated and registered under the laws of South Africa and is supervised by the Financial Services Board. The Company has been approved by the Regulatory Authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana.

Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and Fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. Fluctuations and movements in exchange rates may also cause the value of underlying international investments

Fees

A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs.

The total expense ratio (TER) is the percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's operating expenses over the past year. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), trading costs (including brokerage, STT, STRATE and insider trading leyly, VAT and other expenses. Since unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. All Allan Gray performance figures are quoted after the deduction of costs incurred within the Fund so the TER is not a new cost. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money.

Performance

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Performance figures are from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested.